



# Analysis of RE data from JET Gamma ray Camera

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## Meeting 5<sup>th</sup> April 2017

### Conclusion



Shots #91067, #91069, #92448 - #92461 have been successfully analysed: we obtained very promising results.

The pile-up filter must be **created** and **applied** – the majority of signals is formed by pile-ups.

Data analysis performed for all detectors will enable to find **the response function**: it will be possible to obtain the electron energy spectrum.

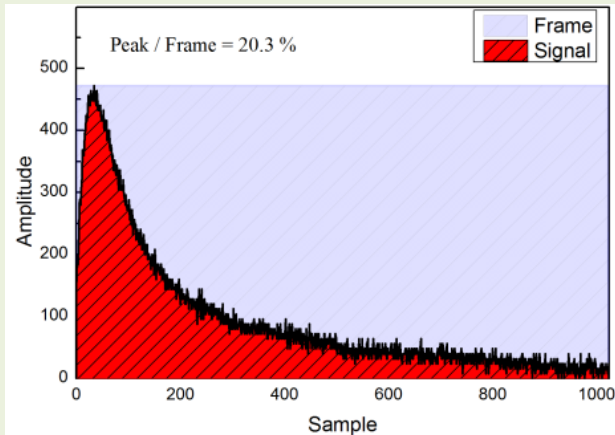
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Analysis of shots with RE production, e.g., from M15-19 sessions, were analyzed.

Obtained results have shown a necessity to include a pile-up decomposition algorithm to increase statistics.

A program ***PileupFilter.cpp*** was prepared with a decomposition of pile-up events by comparing to an undistorted peak.

# Pile-up rejection

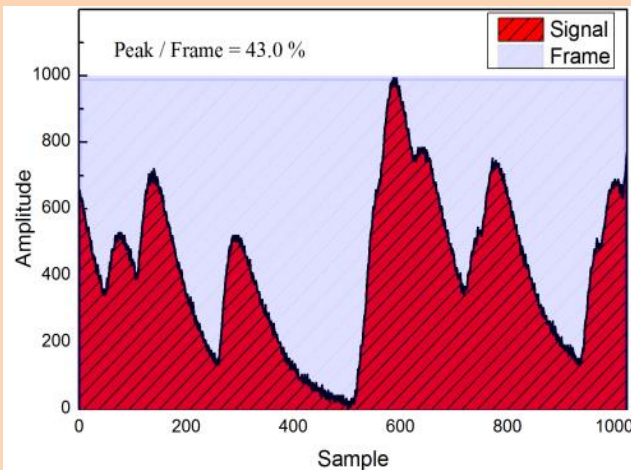


## Rate is low:

- Single pulse without any others
- Energy released is **proportional to the amplitude**

The process of detecting pulses is called "**pile-up rejection**".

The minimum resolution time depends on the **detector type**, the **front-end electronics** and the **implementation of pile-up rejector**.



## Rate is high:

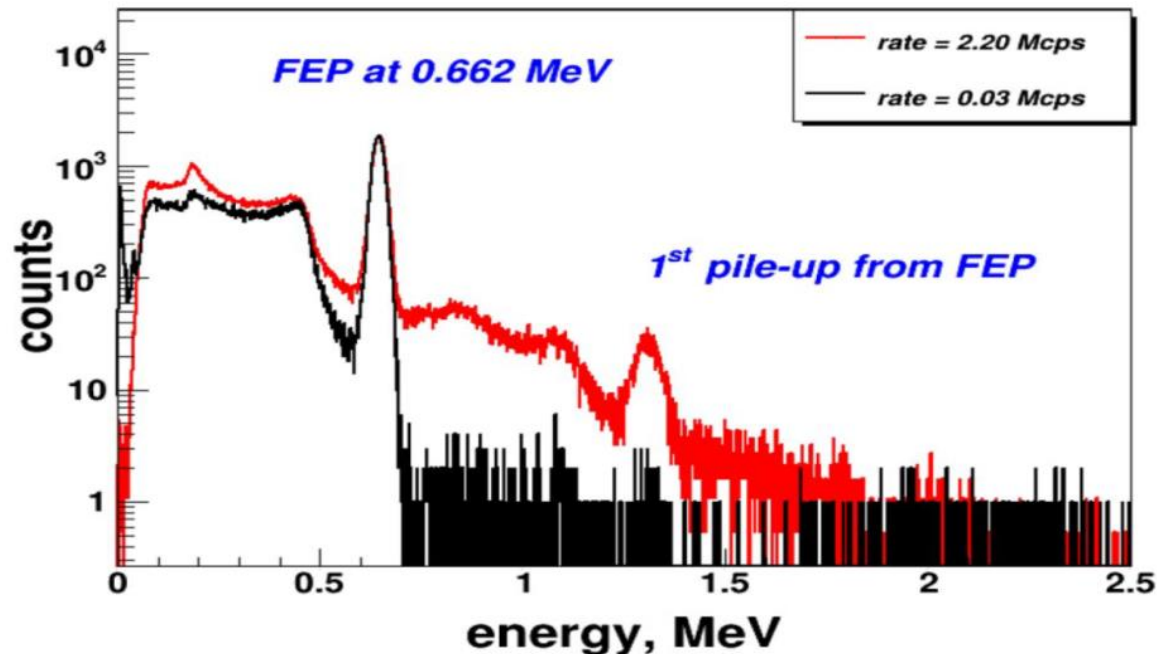
- Pulses arrive **closer** in time than the pulse resolution time for the system
- If the pulses are very close in time the system will simply record the two pulses as a single event with **combined pulse amplitude**

# Pile-up rejection



## Example

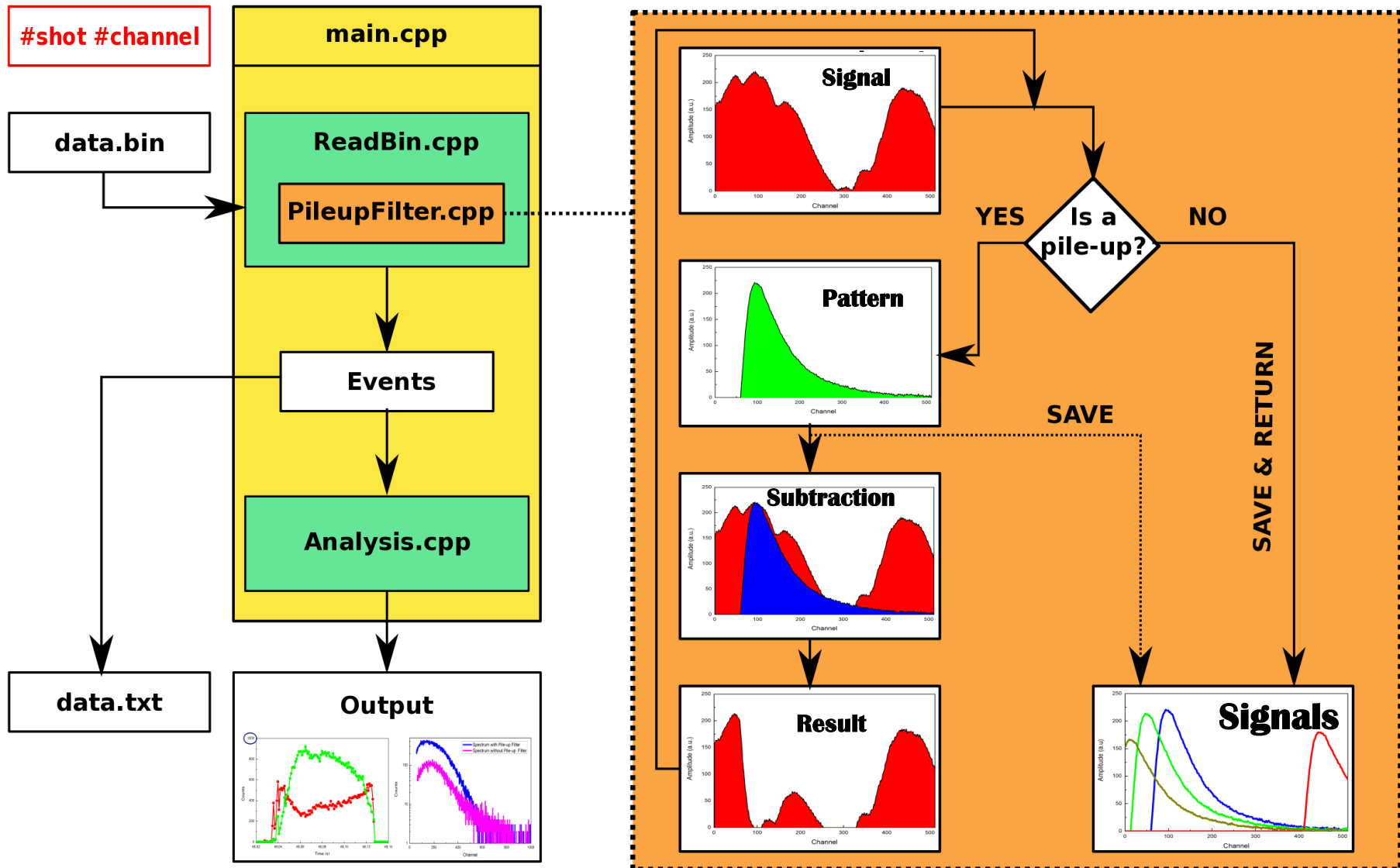
Figure shows the result of measurement performed with the strong Cs-137 source. The clean spectrum has no recorded events above the photo peak at 662 keV whereas the pile-up spectrum has recorded events up to  $2 \times 662$  keV.



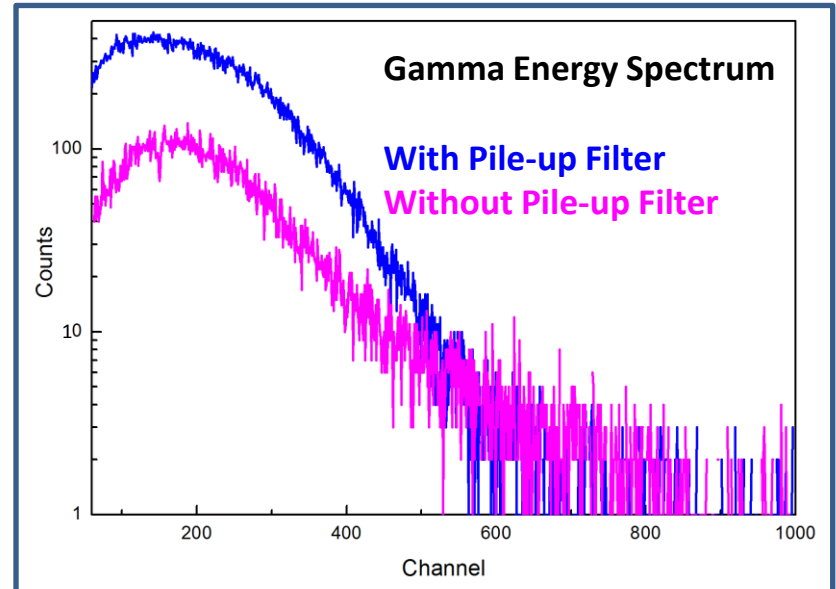
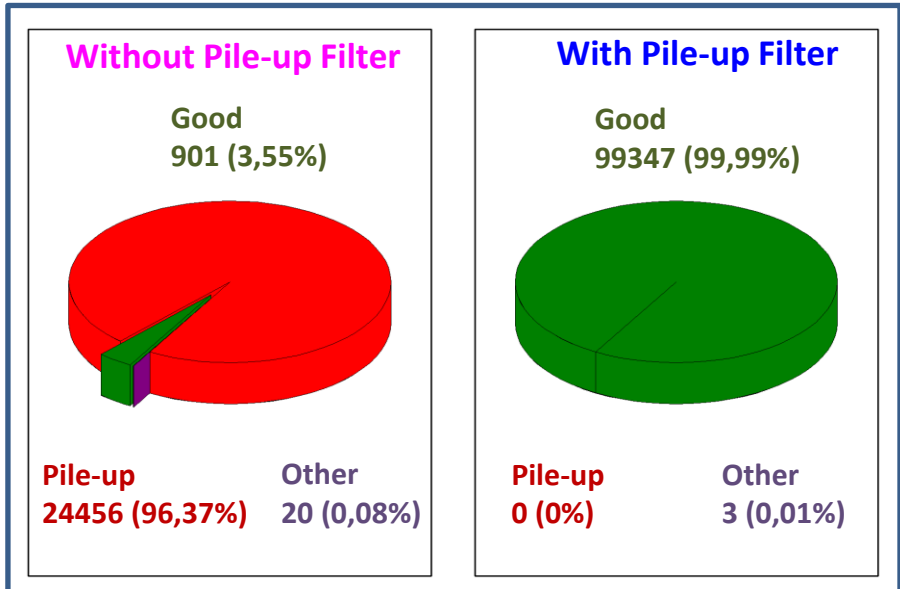
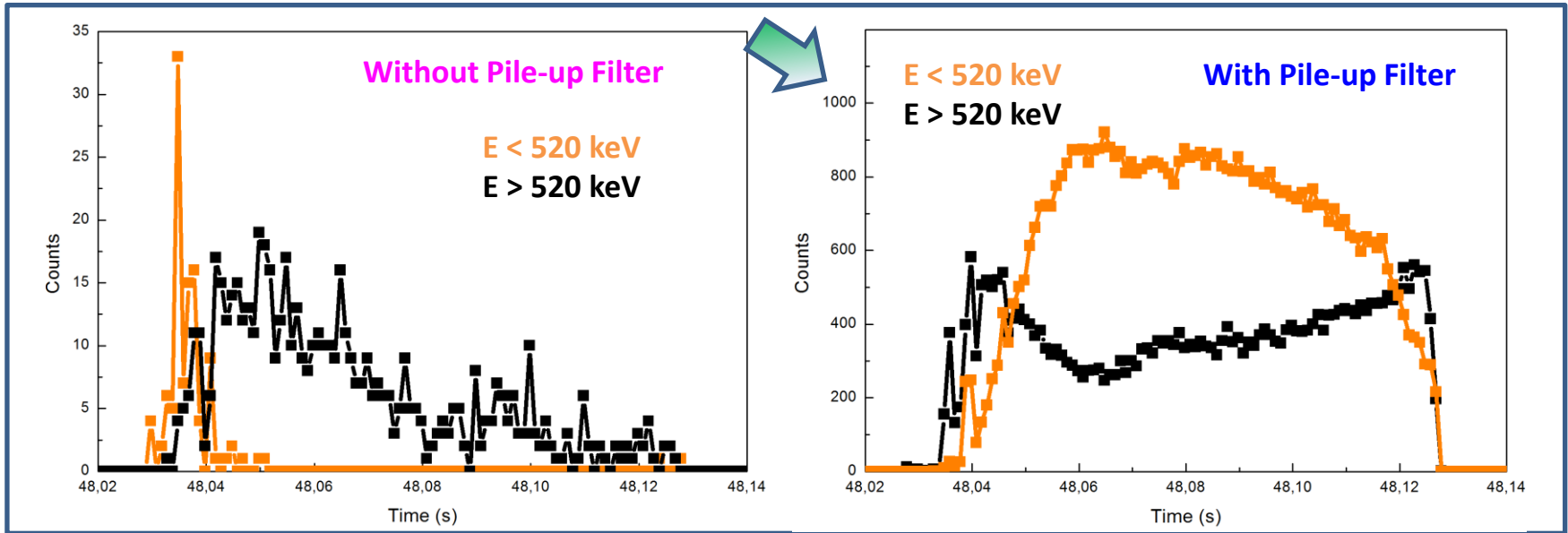
[1]

[1] S. Korolczuk et. al „Digital approach to high rate gamma-ray spectrometry”, DOI [10.1109/ANIMMA.2015.7465519](https://doi.org/10.1109/ANIMMA.2015.7465519)

# Flowchart

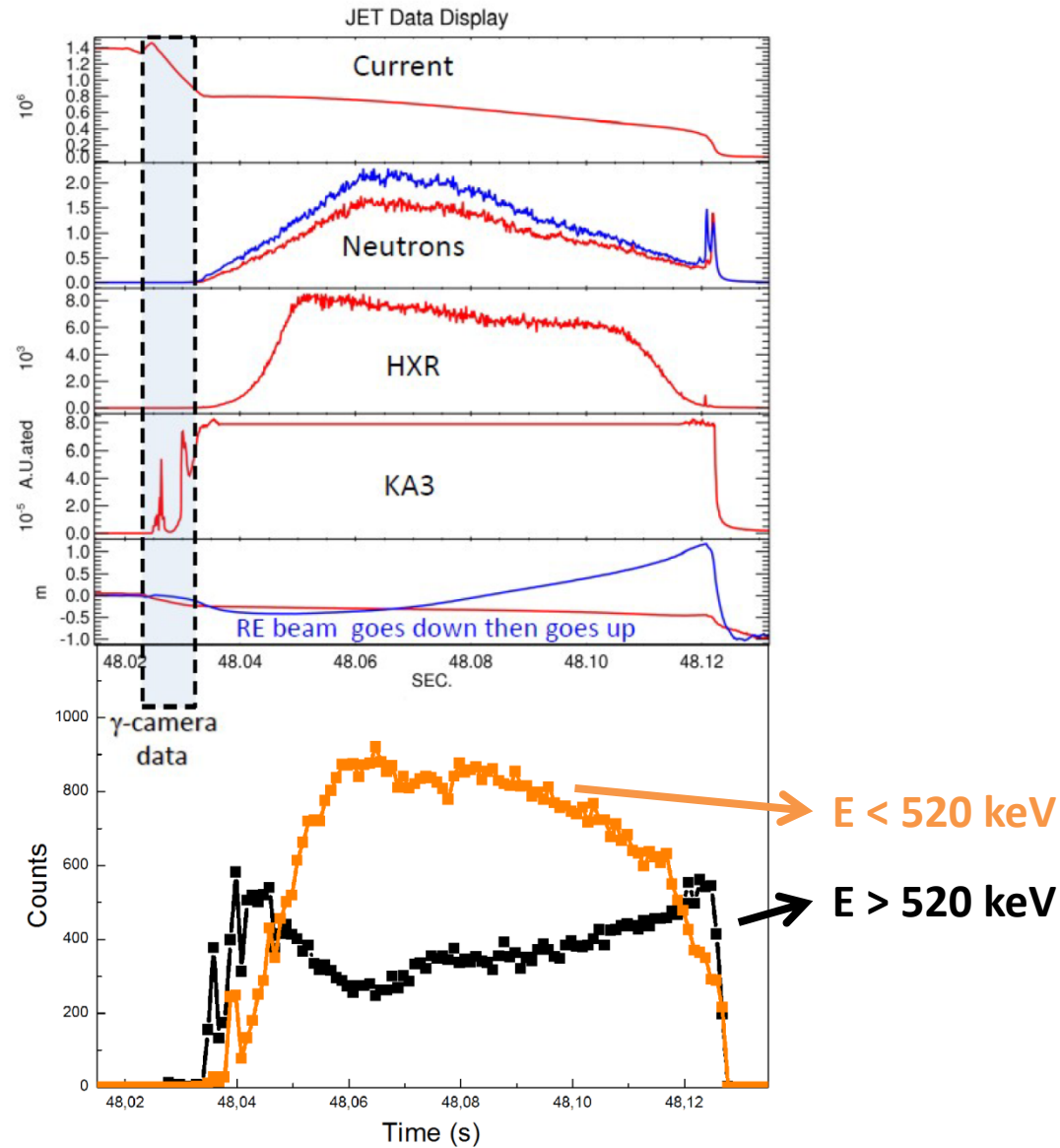


# Comparison: #92449 channel 10



Preliminary results NCBI/2017

# Comparison: #92449 channel 10





Preliminary results are promising and in the next step a fitting including all available peak parameters will be implemented.

Data from all suitable shots will be analysed.

Monte Carlo simulations with Geant4 code will be used to put an interpretation on measured spectra.